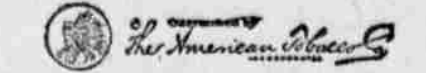




Cigarette

To seal in the delicious Burley tobacco flavor.

It's Toasted



COCKROACHES

EASILY KILLED TODAY



BY USING THE GENUINE

Stearns' Electric Paste

Also SURE DEATH to Waterbugs, Ants, Rats and Mice. These pests are the greatest carriers of disease and MUST BE KILLED. They destroy both food and property.

Directions in 15 languages in every box. Ready for use—two sizes 30c and 50c. U. S. Government buys it.

TOO LATE

Death only a matter of short time. Don't wait until pains and aches become incurable diseases. Avoid painful consequences by taking



The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles—the National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists.

Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation

All Run Down Now Feels Fine

Eatonie Ended His Troubles

"Eatonie is the only thing I have found to stop my heartburn and I think it has been a great help in nervous spells," writes G. C. Johnson. An upset stomach may cause lots of suffering all over the body. Eatonie helps in such cases by removing the cause of the misery, because it takes up and carries out the excess acid and gases and keeps the digestive organs in natural working order. A tablet after meals is all you need. Big box costs only a trifle with druggist's guarantee.

Shave, Bathe and Shampoo with one Soap.—Cuticura

Cuticura Soap is the favorite for safety shaving.



DAISY FLY KILLER PLACED ANYWHERE ATTRACTS AND KILLS ALL FLIES. Nest, house, restaurant, hotel, garage, etc., etc. Kills all flies, mosquitoes, etc., etc. Guaranteed effective. Sold by druggists, or by EXPRESS, prepaid, \$1.25.

HAROLD SOMERS, 159 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM. Restores Color and Beauty to Gray and Faded Hair. 60c and \$1.00 at Druggists. Mailed for \$1.00. Parker Bros. Chemical Works, Paterson, N. J.

HINDERCORNS Removes Corns, Calluses, etc., etc. Stone all pain, restores comfort to the feet, makes walking easy. 10c, by mail or at Druggists. Hinder Corns Chemical Works, Paterson, N. J.

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Tennis and Golf Goods Fishing Tackle Camping Outfits Ask for Catalogs

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The Dry Cleaner and Dyer

Expert Cleaning, Dyeing and Repairing. Hats Cleaned.

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SALES MANAGER

There is a big opportunity for some live man to secure the exclusive selling agency for the most needed auto accessory in this territory. Nationally advertised. Must finance initial order. Alcomco Mfg. Co., 131 Bridge St., Newark, N. J.

USE "HI-LIFE"—Makes gas 30% cheaper, mileage 50% greater; harmless to motors, prevents carbon. Money back guarantee. Price \$1; treats 100 gal. 100.000 users since Jan. 1. Fry Mfg. Co., Box 1183, Portland, Ore.

126 MAMMOTH JACKS

I have a bargain for you, come quick. W. L. DeLAW'S JACKS & ELM Cedar Rapids, Iowa

IS MONEY AND INDEPENDENCE YOUR WISH? Would you invest \$10 in syndicate offering chance to make thousands. Particulars FREE. H. C. Hegen, Lewistown, Mont.

W. N. U., SIOUX CITY, NO. 36-192

INDEPENDENCE HALL TODAY



View of Chestnut Street, Looking East From Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Showing Independence Hall in Center.

Quaker City's Proud Record

The name of Philadelphia is so closely connected with Independence day that any mention of the latter recalls the great part played by the city in the signing of the Declaration of Independence, and the large number of historical buildings and relics that attract visitors to the city not only from every part of the United States but from many other countries as well.

The chief mecca of the patriotic visitor to Philadelphia is Independence hall in which is contained that great shrine of American independence—the Liberty bell. The land on which this building stands was purchased in 1730. The structure, erected as a State house for the old colony of Pennsylvania, was slow in building, the first portion to be finished being "Independence hall," a room 39 by 40 feet and almost 20 feet high. The next part of the building completed was the Judicial chamber, of the same size as Independence hall, and separated from it by three arches.

After the Revolution the wooden steeple was declared dangerous and taken down. Later the wings were altered to provide more office room for the county commissioners, and other changes very much altered the original appearance of the structure. The entire property was purchased by the city of Philadelphia in 1818, and every effort made to restore it to its original lines. The spirit of the old architects and builders has been respected and today, as in Colonial days, the State house typifies the refined simplicity and sincerity which has left it a precious legacy.

Saw First Congress.

In Carpenters' hall the first Continental congress convened Sept. 5, 1774, continuing in session until October 26, 1774. The second Continental congress also convened in this same hall, May 10, 1775, but later moved to the old State house where the Declaration of Independence was adopted.

In Independence hall Gen. George Washington took the oath as commander of the Continental army, June 16, 1775. Three years later the Articles of Confederation were signed in this same room, and in 1787 the Constitution of the United States was adopted and signed. The old building in which George Washington and John Adams took the oath of office as President of the United States stands beside Independence hall, but much altered from the original structure.

The old Liberty bell, which rang out the glad tidings that the Continental congress had dared to sign the Declaration of Independence, is known throughout the world. It was cast in England especially for the State house, and imported in 1752. While on the way it became cracked, and was recast in Philadelphia. The quotation, "Proclaim liberty throughout the land, to the inhabitants thereof," inscribed on the bell at that time, seems prophetic. The bell was hung April 17, 1753.

Figured in Much History.

Two years later it rang a warning to George III that the assembly refused to make laws by dictation of the crown, and in 1765, muffled, the bell "told" the arrival of the hated stamps. "Muffled and tolled" it rang all day long when the stamp act was put in operation. It called the first

Continental congress together; it proclaimed the Declaration of Independence; its glad peals announced the victory of Trenton and the surrender of Cornwallis; it proclaimed the treaty of peace; it tolled out the grief of the nation at the death of George Washington; it welcomed Lafayette to Philadelphia, and rang once more when he died; its solemn peals announced the death of John Adams and Thomas Jefferson, and its last message to the world was the death of Chief Justice John Marshall in 1835. As it breathed forth its sad dirge on that July day its great side parted and it was silent forever. Mute though it is its patriotic inspiration is far greater than that of any orator, and more than a million people each year pause to behold this most precious heirloom of the American nation.

How Bell Was Saved When Howe Advanced on the Quaker City.

By Dr. Howard S. Taylor.

On September 11, 1777, a warm, bright day, the people of Philadelphia stood around in the streets listening to the faint sounds of cannon firing down on Brandywine creek, about twenty-five miles away.

They knew that a great battle was going on between the American army under Washington and the British, commanded by General Howe.

And the Philadelphians listened to the booming of the distant guns with passionately divided feelings.

There were many Tories living in the city who were devoted to the British cause and hoped that Howe might triumph.

There were also many devout Quakers in those listening crowds who conscientiously abhorred war—ultra pacifists who thought that the Americans had no business to fight even in defense of their liberties.

But a large part of the population of Philadelphia were patriots who had gotten the Declaration of Independence into their hearts at its first proclamation two months previously, and were praying for Washington and his "ragged Continentals."

Sad News for Patriots.

The noise of battle commenced about 10 o'clock in the forenoon, but by nightfall the sounds ceased, and a few hours afterward the Philadelphians learned that the Americans had met with heavy losses, had been defeated and were retreating before a well-equipped army of invasion which outnumbered the patriot forces about two to one.

Washington managed to reconcentrate his troops and slowly fell back on Philadelphia—sneaking whenever opportunity offered.



But Philadelphia was doomed to fall into the hands of the enemy, and Alexander Hamilton advised congress to pack and get out. On September 18 that body made a hasty adjournment, to meet again at Lancaster, sixty-eight miles away, and left Philadelphia that night.

But before they adjourned they took a thought about the Liberty Bell!

Congress determined to save the bell if possible!

It was not a matter of mere sentiment. The bell was comparatively new then, and there were few sacred memories clinging around it. The resolution of congress included some church bells in the city also. In fact, congress regarded the bells as just so much metal which the British might break up and cast into cannon.

Got to Allentown Safely.

So the bells were ordered to retreat to a place of safety at Allentown, fifty miles away, and the executive committee of congress was charged with the duty of supervising the job.

Fifty miles over the winding dirt roads those days was a long, long way! The Liberty bell weighed 2,080 pounds, and it may well be supposed that the trip was made as quickly as possible. There was a chance that British cavalry might come galloping up at any moment.

Going through the quiet village of Bethlehem, the wagon that bore the great bell broke down and the escort had to unload and get another vehicle.

But the bell went on to its destination where, girdled by its defiant Bible text, it waited for events.

HISTORIC NEW YORK REGION

Vicinity of Village of Fishkill Was for Some Time Scene of Revolutionary Activities.

Were you to spin along the post road from New York to Albany—the same old post road that was built in the time of the French and Indian wars upon the line of the old Indian trail—you would pass through the most historic part of this region, about a mile from the village of Fishkill.

On account of its situation, in a fertile plain protected by surrounding hills, Fishkill was chosen for a large barracks for Revolutionary soldiers, officers' headquarters and supply depot; and while the British occupied New York, the government headquarters for printing and provisioning were also there. The sword that Washington himself carried was made in the village, which, at that time, contained about fifty houses.

It was in the Van Wyck house, wrongly called the Wharton house in Cooper's story, "The Spy," that Harvey Birch, who was in real life a young shoemaker named Enoch Crosby, had his trial. In the meadow below the house he buried scores of Revolutionary soldiers. Across the road from the burial field were the barracks.—Youth's Companion.

Another Date for Declaration.

The Philadelphia newspapers on July 3, 1776, merely announced that on "yesterday the Continental congress declared the United Colonies free and independent states." Only those twelve words and no more! It was not until two days later, however, that the Declaration, amended and blue-pencilled, was agreed to and signed by John Hancock, president of congress. His was the only name then given out. This man, a Boston merchant, rode in a carriage, drawn by six bay horses, and dressed in cloth embroidered with gold and silver.—James B. Morrow in the Detroit Free Press.

HOW WOMEN AVOID SURGICAL OPERATIONS

Some Are Extremely Necessary, Others May Not Be

Every Woman Should Give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a Trial First



Chicago, Ill.—"I was in bed with a female trouble and inflammation and had four doctors but none of them did me any good. They all said I would have to have an operation. A druggist's wife told me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I took 22 bottles, never missing a dose and at the end of that time I was perfectly well. I have never had occasion to take it again as I have been so well. I have a six room flat and do all my work. My two sisters are taking the Compound upon my recommendation and you may publish my letter. It is the gospel truth and I will write to any one who wants a personal letter."—Mrs. E. H. HAYDOCK, 6824 St. Lawrence Ave., Chicago, Ill.

A Vermont woman adds her testimony to the long line of those fortunate women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after it had been decided an operation was necessary.

Burlington, Vt.—"I suffered with female trouble, and had a number of doctors who said that I would never be any better until I had an operation. I was so bad I could hardly walk across the floor and could not do a thing. My sister-in-law induced me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it certainly has helped me wonderfully. I keep house and do my work and have a small child. I have recommended Vegetable Compound to a number of my friends and you may publish my testimonial."—Mrs. H. R. SHAW, Apple Tree Point Farm, Burlington, Vt.

In hospitals are many women who are there for surgical operations, and there is nothing a woman dreads more than the thought of an operation, and the long weary months of recovery and restoration to strength if it is successful.

It is very true that female troubles may through neglect reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but most of the commoner ailments of women are not the surgical ones; they are not caused by serious displacements, tumors or growths, although the symptoms may appear the same. When disturbing ailments first appear take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to relieve the present distress and prevent more serious troubles. In fact, many letters have been received from women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound after operations have been advised by attending physicians.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent to you free upon request. Write to The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts. This book contains valuable information.

ABLE TO FOLLOW ANY TRAIL NOT RESTING, JUST WAITING

Ahnds, East Indian Sect, Are Among the Most Skillful Trackers in the World.

The Ahnds, natives of Jaum, India, are among the most skilled animal trackers in the world, according to R. G. Burton, writing in the Field. They track bears, panthers and other jungle creatures by a mere shadow of a footprint and also by "marking," a system of watching.

When "marking" animals the natives turn out before sunrise and watch the animals as they slink back to their lairs. Then, when the hunters take a position of vantage the marker's aids surround the animal on three sides, and drive it out from cover.

The Ahnds often track bears across solid rock, where the creatures' claws, scratching the surface, leave a mark. The panther's tread is so soft that no impress is made, save where the ground is soft enough to take the pug of the pussyfoot, and yet they track these wary animals when they show near the village.

The Animal Tent.

"Then your kid didn't enjoy the circus?" "No, the giraffe was getting its neck washed."

Idiot Boy, According to Judge Gary, Very Much Like the Rest of the World.

Judge Gary was talking at a dinner about the world's industrial situation.

"All over the world," he said, "labor is earning more and producing less. In England, for example, there are more coal miners employed than ever, and the production of coal is lower than ever."

"English labor reminds me of the idiot boy."

"A farmer, out of pity, gave an idiot boy a job. Then one afternoon the farmer walked across his farm to see how the boy was doing. He found him lying on the grass under a tree smoking a cigarette."

"Well, Looney," he said—the boy was known as Looney in the village—well, Looney, what are you doing? Resting?"

"Looney took his cigarette out of his mouth and answered:

"No, boss, I ain't restin', 'cause I ain't tired. I'm just a-lyin' here waitin' for the sun to go down so's I kin quit work."

The best side of a quarrel is the outside.

You Will Like INSTANT POSTUM And It Will Like You

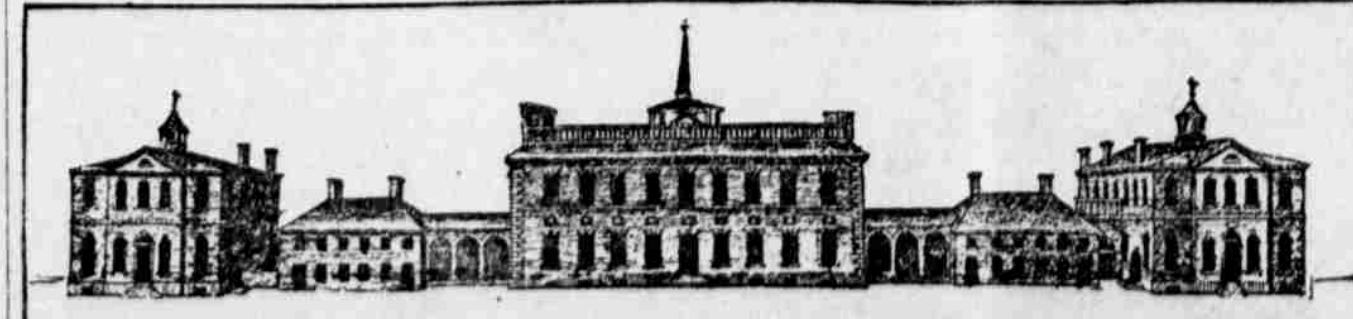
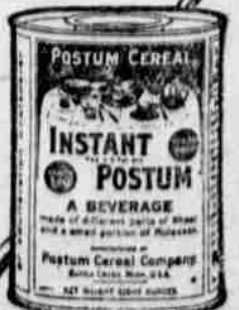
People who say, "I like coffee, but it doesn't like me," will find Instant Postum much more considerate of their health.

This pure cereal drink combines wholesome quality with rich coffee-like flavor.

Instant Postum is made instantly in the cup.

"There's a Reason for Postum At all grocers

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc. Battle Creek, Michigan.



A VERY OLD PRINT OF THE INDEPENDENCE SQUARE GROUP.